

## **Recombinant Human Active SGK-2 Kinase**

## PRODUCT ANALYSIS SHEET

Catalog Number: PHO3294

**Lot Number:** 22156-04S

**Quantity:**  $5 \mu g$ 

**Concentration:** 0.1 mg/mL

**Molecular Weight:** ~79 kDa (migrates aberrantly on SDS-PAGE gel)

**Purity:** >80%, as determined by SDS PAGE analysis.

**Biological Activity:** ~310 U/mg. One unit of SGK-2 activity is equal to 1 nmol of phosphate transferred to

Akt substrate peptide (RPRAATF) per minute at 30°C with a final ATP concentration of 50  $\mu$ M. Kinase activity may vary depending on the substrate and reaction conditions.

The optimal concentration should be determined for each specific application.

**Description:** SGK-2 (Serum and Glucocorticoid-induced Kinase 2), a serine/threonine protein kinase,

is a member of the SGK family of proteins. SGK family members function as part of signaling modules that also include PI3-K. In response to insulin and insulin-like growth factor, activated PI3-K produces PtdIns(3,4,5)P3 or PtdIns(3,4)P2 which activate and recruit PDK1 to the plasma membrane. Activated PDK1 in turn activates SGK family members. SGK proteins regulate ion channels and Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> ATPase. The role of SGK-2 in hypertension and diabetic nephrology is currently under

investigation.

Formulation: 0.1 mg/mL in 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EGTA,

30% glycerol. Carrier-free.

**Production:** Recombinant Human SGK-2 (amino acids 2-464) is produced in Sf9 cells as a

glutathione-S-transferase (GST) fusion protein and is purified via affinity

chromatography.

Handling We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the

**Recommendation:** contents to the bottom.

Storage: Store at -70°C. This protein is sensitive to temperature and therefore should be used

immediately upon thawing. For maximal stability, apportion the undiluted recombinant protein into working aliquots and store at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

References: Lang, F. and P. Cohen (2001) Regulation and physiological roles of serum- and

glucocorticoid-induced protein kinase isoforms. Sci. STKE 13(108):RE17. Review.

Kobayashi, T., M. Deak, N. Morrice, and P. Cohen (1999) Characterization of the structure and regulation of two novel isoforms of serum- and glucocorticoid-induced protein kinase. Biochem. J. 344:189-197.

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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Manufactured under ISO 13485 Quality Standard

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PI PHO329 (Rev 1.0) (DCC-08-1232)

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Henke, G., I. Setiawan, C. Bohmer, and F. Lang (2002) Activation of Na+/K+-ATPase by the serum and glucocorticoid-dependent kinase isoforms. Kidney Blood Press. Res. 25(6):370-374.

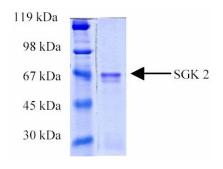
## References (cont'd):

Friedrich, B., Y. Feng, P. Cohen, T. Risler, A. Vandewalle, S. Broer, J. Wang, D. Pearce, and F. Lang (2003) The serine/threonine kinases SGK2 and SGK3 are potent stimulators of the epithelial Na+ channel alpha,beta,gamma-ENaC. Pflugers Arch. 445(6):693-696.

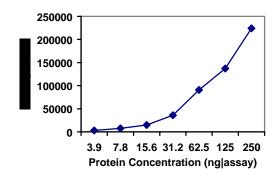
Tong, Q., R.E. Booth, R.T. Worrell, and J.D. Stockand (2004) Regulation of Na<sup>+</sup> transport by aldosterone: signaling convergence and cross talk between the PI3-K and MAPK1/2 cascades. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 286(6):F1232-F1238.

Palmada, M., H.M. Embark, A.W. Wyatt, C. Bohmer, and F. Lang (2003) Negative charge at the consensus sequence for the serum- and glucocorticoid-inducible kinase, SGK1, determines pH sensitivity of the renal outer medullary K<sup>+</sup> channel, ROMK1. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 307(4):967-972.

Lang, F., G. Henke, H.M. Embark, S. Waldegger, M. Palmada, C. Bohmer, and V. Vallon (2003) Regulation of channels by the serum and glucocorticoid-inducible kinase - implications for transport, excitability and cell proliferation. Cell Physiol. Biochem. 13(1):41-50.



**Purity Analysis** 



**SGK-2** Activity Assay. Varying amounts of recombinant SGK-2 were incubated with 50  $\mu$ M [ $^{32}$ P]- $\gamma$ -ATP and Akt substrate peptide in an *in vitro* kinase reaction. Activity is calculated based on the amount of  $^{32}$ P incorporated into substrate peptide.

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